Online Survey on the Application of and Experience in the Use of Socio-Economic Considerations in Decision-Making on Living Modified Organisms

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Background

- 2007: UNEP-GEF received funding from UK DFID to undertake scoping work on socioeconomic considerations in context of Biosafety Protocol
- Work was to be undertaken in conjunction with CBD Secretariat.

Background

- 2008: consultant hired to undertake a literature review, prepare an initial draft of a survey and to organize an experts meeting to review the survey
- July 2008: experts meeting held in Mexico where draft survey was substantially revised
- 2009: Another consultant finalised and carried out the survey.

Survey

Survey had 46 questions and was divided into four parts:

- 1. General questions: about the organization and type of work of the respondent and the reference country they would use as the basis for responding to the survey.
- 2. Questions about experiences with decision-making regarding living modified organisms and the inclusion of socio-economic considerations in such decisions.
- 3. Questions on the opinions of respondents whose reference country did not have a decision-making system in place for LMOs or who did not know if their country had such a system.
- 4. Questions on various issues including capacity-building, challenges to including s-e considerations in decision-making and the need for a methodological guide.

Survey

- Survey was available online from 14 October to 13 November 2009 in English, French and Spanish
- Very high response to survey: 578 respondents from 154 countries.
- Preliminary analysis of survey was presented to sixth capacity-building coordination meeting in February 2010
- Final report on survey was made available to MOP-5 as an information document.

Key Survey Results Regarding Capacity-Building

Respondents ranked "lack of capacity" as the second most import reason why socio-economic considerations were not taken into account in their country's decision-making process on LMOs, after "lack of mechanisms" for doing so.

Key Survey Results Regarding Capacity-Building

Respondents ranked the following as the top ten socio-economic assessment areas in which capacity-building was required:

#	Method I: ranking system	Method II: scoring system
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1	Food security	Food security
2	Impacts on market access	Health-related impacts
3	Macroeconomic impacts	Impacts on market access
4	Impacts on biodiversity	Impacts on biodiversity
5	Coexistence of LMOs	Coexistence of LMOs
6	Compliance with biosafety measures	Macroeconomic impacts
7	Health-related	Compliance with biosafety measures
8	Microeconomic impacts	Farmers' rights
9	Farmers' rights	Indigenous communities
10	Labour and employment	Microeconomic impacts

Key Survey Results Regarding Capacity-Building

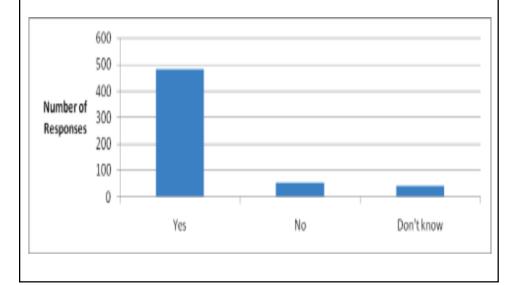
All respondents were asked whether their country had adequate capacity for the performance of socio-economic assessment (Q37).

- 41% indicated that they had the capacity to undertake the socioeconomic assessment
- 49% respondents stated that did not have the capacity.

Q44 asked respondents to indicate their level of agreement with a number of statements. The two statements that received the highest levels of agreement were:

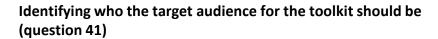
- that there is a need to build countries' socio-economic assessment capacity
- that a methodological toolkit would be a good starting point to build that capacity.

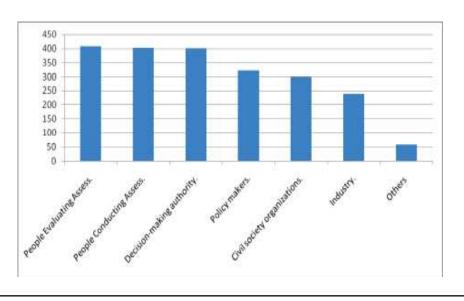
Responses to whether a methodological toolkit would be a useful document to assist in the inclusion of socio-economic considerations in decision-making on LMOs (question 39)



Key Survey Results Regarding Capacity-Building

- Q41 asked all respondents who the target audience for a methodological toolkit should be. Three groups were clearly identified as a potential target audience:
 - Individuals responsible for evaluating assessments
 - Individuals responsible for carrying out assessments
 - Decision-making authority
- This is quite similar to priority target groups for capacity-building identified during online discussion groups on socio-economics.





Key Survey Results Regarding Capacity-Building

- Priority areas for capacity building: food security, health related impacts, impacts on market access and trade, macroeconomic.
- Methodological toolkit would be useful.
- ☐ Information to be included in the toolkit needs investigation.
- □ Should be directed to people carrying out the assessments, evaluating the assessments, and decision makers.